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SEC. 13. Pasteurization of milk or cream, or any other process of a similar character, will not be accepted by the Newport News Health Department as a substitute for cleanliness in the production and handling of milk. Pasteurization of milk or cream is not prohibited, but the milk or cream so treated shall be produced under conditions in all respects equal to those demanded for the production of milk or cream not subject to pasteurization.

SEC. 14. All milk wagons from which milk is sold by measure shall be provided with a tight metal receptacle for all measures and other utensils used in the handling of milk on the streets, which receptacle shall have a false, removable, perforated metal bottom. All measures and utensils shall be kept in this receptacle while the wagon is on its rounds, and the receptacle shall be thoroughly cleansed and aired twice a day, the false bottom being taken out for cleaning.

SEC. 15. No dairyman shall deliver bottled milk at any house where there is a case of contagious or infectious disease. In such cases the householder shall provide his own receptacle for milk, which shall not be taken to the dairy. The presence of a warning sign of the Newport News Health Department on the premises shall be considered sufficient notice to the driver of the presence of contagious diseases.

SEC. 16. No person shall use, or cause or permit to be used, for any other purpose than the holding of milk or cream, any milk bottle, can, or other receptacles used for the transportation or delivery of milk.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of all persons having in their possession bottles, cans, or other receptacles used for the transportation or delivery of milk or cream, to cleanse or cause to be cleansed, all such milk vessels immediately after emptying. All dairy-men are requested to report to the health department any person who returns milk bottles in dirty condition, or milk bottles which have apparently been used for other purposes.

**Nuisances. (Reg. Bd. of H., Mar. 5, 1915.)**

SECTION 1. The board of health shall cause to be inspected all streets, yards, lots, privies, stables, or other places which may be alleged to be or likely to become offensive or dangerous to the public health. They shall also cause the inspection of the premises of all citizens to be made at least once every month and to require all garbage, trash, filth, ashes, tin cans, and all other articles that may endanger the health of the city to be removed. When any such thing shall be found which, in the opinion of the board of health or its agent, is or is likely to become injurious to the health, the board, through its agent, shall require the person causing said nuisance, or owner or occupant of the premises on which such thing is, to correct the evil forthwith in such a manner as the board of health shall deem best. Upon failure to execute the order of the board, the nuisance may be removed at the cost of the city of Newport News.

*Nuisances, definition.*—SECTION 1. Whatever is dangerous to human health, whatever renders the ground, the water, the air, or food a hazard or injury to human health, and the following specific acts, conditions, and things are, each and all of them, hereby declared to constitute nuisances:

SEC. 2. In all houses and structures occupied by human beings for any purpose whatsoever, provided said houses or structures can not be classed as a tenement house, lodging house, hotel, or private one-family dwelling, it shall be the duty of the owner to keep the cellar walls thoroughly whitewashed or painted, and to maintain them in this condition; to keep the yards, areas, courts, halls, attics, rooms, roofs, cellars, sheds, and other vacant portions free from all accumulations of dirt, filth, garbage, ashes, rubbish, or other waste material; to supply sufficient metallic conveniences or receptacles for ashes, rubbish, garbage, refuse, and other matters, to keep the same in proper condition, and to provide a place in which to keep said receptacles; to provide adequate water-supply fixtures and to maintain same at all times of the year; also to provide an adequate number of modern water-flushed toilet fixtures;

and it shall further be his duty to provide proper drainage for the yard, court, or outside areas, and to maintain surface of said yard in a reasonably even and good condition, that the drainage may be sufficient.

In all single one-family houses or structures or houses where each tenant has his own yard, toilet facilities, etc., it shall be the duty of the tenant to keep his yard, area, court, roof, cellar, attic, rooms, toilet compartments, and all other places clean and free from all accumulations of ashes, rubbish, garbage, refuse, and other waste matters, and the tenant, on moving to another location, shall leave said premises in a reasonably clean condition.

It shall be the duty of the owner of said variety of structures, before renting the same, to place the property in a reasonably clean condition, to provide at least one modern water-flush toilet fixture, and to provide suitable water fixtures and maintain the same in good condition throughout the year.

It shall be the duty of the owner of every structure used for dwelling or business purposes to keep the cellar free from accumulations of water. In case such accumulations occur he shall immediately have such water pumped out and have the cause repaired or conditions altered so that further accumulations will be prevented.

It shall be the duty of every property owner to maintain the existing toilet fixtures in working order, and in case a catch basin or water-flushed toilet fixture becomes useless or obstructed to immediately repair same.

It shall be the duty of every property owner to have yards, drains, cisterns, down spouts, pipes, vaults, catch basins, water-flushed toilets, etc., in such condition that there shall be no leakage into adjoining property, to the damage or inconvenience of the owner or tenant of the same.

Wherever no city sewer is provided, or wherever the property is so situated that a vault or privy must be maintained, it shall be the duty of the owner to build a sanitary vault or privy, as provided for by city ordinance. It shall be the duty of the owner to so construct existing vaults and vault houses that flies and other vermin and animals will not have free access to the filth. Lime or other suitable disinfectants must be used during the summer months and at other times if the vault is foul.

It shall be unlawful for any person to wilfully obstruct or damage any toilet or sanitary fixture in or on any piece of property in the city.

It shall be unlawful for any person to deposit or throw refuse or organic matter of any kind on any vacant land or lot or private premises in the city unless the same is known to be a public dump, and not on such places if they have been notified to cease dumping by the police, sanitary officers, or property owner.

No person shall permit any garbage or offal receptacle, stable manure pit, barn, fowl coop or yard, slaughterhouse, or other place to become foul, nauseous, or offensive to the public or neighboring individuals.

Wherever an ample number of water-flushed toilet fixtures are provided, all privy vaults must be cleaned to the satisfaction of the health department and the holes filled with earth or ashes and the privy removed.

The owner or owners of lots or vacant land on which pools of water stand or stagnate, shall, on notice from the health department, fill, drain, or otherwise abate the nuisance.

No live geese, hens, chickens, ducks, hogs, goats, cows, horses, or other fowl or animals shall be kept in the city so as to create foul odors or be a nuisance, inconvenience, or menace to the health of any neighboring individual.

It shall be the duty of the owner of the vacant lots strewn or littered with rubbish, paper, cans, garbage, ashes, refuse, or waste matter of any kind to cause said rubbish, etc., to be removed and the lot posted, and when said cleaning and posting have been done it shall be the duty of the sanitary inspectors to notify the persons in all neighboring residences to refrain from further dumping, and to cause the prosecution of any person found littering the lot in the future.

Wherever no city sewer is provided on a street it shall be unlawful to drain waste water of any kind over the surface of the sidewalk, but all water must be conducted by means of suitable pipes beneath the sidewalk to the gutter.

SEC. 3. (a) The deposits or accumulation of foul, decaying or putrescent substance; or other offensive matter in or upon any lot, street or highway, or in or upon any public place, the storage of such foul or decaying or putrescent matter in liquid or solid form in any vault, cesspool, or other receptacle not permitted by these rules, the overflow of any foul liquids or the escape of gases to such an extent that the same or any one of them shall become a source of discomfort to persons living or passing in the vicinity thereof.

(b) A polluted well or cistern or the pollution of any body of water used for drinking purposes.

(c) The maintenance of any privy, vault, or cesspool, except as hereinafter provided.

(d) Keeping any building or room in such a state of uncleanness as to endanger the health of persons residing therein.

(e) The accumulation of manure beyond the amount or length of time hereinafter prescribed.

(f) The accumulation of water in stagnant ponds or otherwise, in which mosquito larvæ breed.

(g) Filthy stock or fowl pens or places where stock or fowls are kept which may become annoying or offensive.

SEC. 4. No person shall permit the discharge from a water-closet, kitchen, sink, slops from a kitchen, or any offensive liquid to be turned into the street. Anyone violating this section may be fined \$2 for each day the same may continue after notice from the health officer to abate same.

SEC. 5. On and after 60 days from the passage of these rules it shall be unlawful for the owner thereof to use or permit others to use for drinking purposes the water from any open well or spring existing within the corporate limits.

SEC. 6. The board of health is empowered to condemn and close any well, spring, cistern, pond, puddle, privy vault, sink, or cesspool which, in their opinion, constitutes a menace to the health of the neighborhood in which it exists.

SEC. 7. If, upon any ground in this city, there be found a drain or running water, the owner thereof, or abutting property owners, shall be required to keep the same clean, free, or unobstructed from filth, garbage, or vegetation. If stagnant water, or a marshy place shall be found upon any premises in the city of Newport News the owner thereof shall be required to drain such stagnant water or fill such marsh within 30 days from notification by the board of health, or, if impracticable to fill or drain, treatment with petroleum products must be observed as often as may be deemed necessary by the board of health.

SEC. 8. The maintenance of cow stables or other conveniences for the home use of milk or for the purpose of carrying on a dairy business within the city of Newport News shall be exercised only under the supervision of the board of health, who may condemn the same as a nuisance if not kept in a cleanly manner, and, upon such condemnation, said stable or convenience shall be vacated and shall not again be used for dairy purposes without permission from the board of health.

SEC. 9. It shall be unlawful for any person to keep any live hogs within the corporate limits, except for the immediate shipment or slaughter.

SEC. 10. If any person shall place, or cause to be placed, in or on any street, alley, sidewalk, or lot within the corporate limits the carcass of any animal, or any other thing or matter offensive to any citizen or to such public, or shall suffer any such nuisance to remain on any such lot owned or held by him, he may be fined not less than \$5 for every 24 hours such nuisance or offensive matter may remain.

SEC. 11. No one shall, within the limits of the city of Newport News, deposit any human excreta upon the ground or in any place accessible to animals or flies, or where it may be washed into any stream or spring or well used for drinking purposes.

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SEC. 16. The city engineer or foreman of the street-cleaning department shall obey all orders of the board of health relative to abating nuisances on public property when such are given him in writing by the board, through its clerk or health officer. If he shall fail to perform the said duty assigned him for a longer period than 24 hours after receiving the same, he may be fined \$1 for every hour that he shall so refuse or neglect the same, unless a reasonable excuse be given.

**Privies and Cesspools—Construction, Location, and Disposal of Contents. (Reg. Bd. of H., Mar. 5, 1915.)**

SEC. 12. Any or all privies, open vaults, sinks and cesspools existing within the corporate limits shall be cleaned, disinfected, and filled whenever the board of health shall so order. No privy, vault, sink, or cesspool shall hereafter be made or rebuilt except in accordance with the ordinance adopted by the council and approved February 4, 1914. Each privy in the city shall be well roofed, and so constructed as to prevent access by fowls, animals, and flies to the excrement, so constructed that it shall be sufficiently strong, water-tight, and adequately furnished with handles; that said receptacle shall at least be 12 inches in depth. The privy shall be located so as to be easily accessible to the scavenger.

SEC. 13. (a) The cleaning of closets and privies within the corporate limits shall be done exclusively by and under the direction of the health department, and it shall be unlawful for any private person to contract to do said work through or by any private citizen.

(b) The said closets and privies shall be properly cleaned and disinfected by the department of health, and the excrement from said closets and privies shall be removed in sealed barrels or other covered receptacles, by said department or under its direction, and deposited or disposed of at such place and in such manner as shall be dictated by the board of health.

(c) The closet or privy shall be cleaned and disinfected and the excreta removed, as provided in clause (b), not less than once in four weeks.

(d) Any person or persons exercising the privilege of maintaining said closets or privies who shall refuse to pay the fee or charge in the manner set forth in these rules, or who, having paid the fee, fails to report the neglect of the scavenger to perform his duties, as defined in clause (c) to the board of health, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, may be fined not less than \$2 nor more than \$10.

**Stables and Disposal of Manure. (Reg. Bd. of H., Mar. 5, 1915.)**

SEC. 14. (a) No person owning, occupying and having use of any stable, shed, pen, stall, or other place wherein animals of any kind are kept, shall permit such stable, shed, pen, stall, or other place to become or remain filthy or unwholesome.

(b) Every person owning or occupying any building or part of a building wherein one or more horses, mules, cows, or similar animals are kept, shall maintain in connection therewith a bin or pit for the reception of manure, and pending the removal from the premises of the manure from the animal or animals aforesaid, shall place such manure in a bin or pit. The bin or pit required by this regulation shall be located at a point as remote as practicable from any dwelling, church, school, or similar structure, owned or occupied by any person or persons in the neighborhood of said bin or pit, other than the owner or occupant of the building or part of building aforesaid and as remote as practicable from any public street or avenue, shall be so constructed as to exclude rain water, and shall in all other respects be water tight; shall be provided with a suitable cover and constructed so as to prevent the ingress and egress of flies.